Examples of how to adjust for learning at home	Check
Timetable for at home learning (teacher to create this for parents). Example below	
Visual timetable (does this need to be sent home?)	
Consider the home learning environment. Consider setting up a designated space if possible. Is it free from distractions such as a TV, computer, and toys?	
Does the home learning space have books in easy to access areas? Is the area tidy and free from clutter? Are all materials easy to access when needed?	
Consider colour-coding resources where possible.	
Ensure your child is using the correct resource book for each subject	
Consider setting up a safe space/calm zone in the home environment	
Does your child require modified equipment e.g. slope board, lap weights, pencil.	
Consider how this student can access this kind of equipment at home. E.g. slope board can be a lever arch file etc. Please speak to regional AVT/OT/PT about adjustments at home for learning	
Sensory objects: does your child need a fiddle toy to assist with concentration? Or does he/she need objects removed from grasp to facilitate concentration?	
Look at each task before beginning and separate each part into a manageable chunk. Eg. Read first-break-highlight information-break-write/respond to task	
Use no more than 3 instructions at a time. Write them down for child to refer to if/when needed. Use of First-Then-Then cards (can these be sent home if used at school?)	
Gradual Release. Explicit teaching of new concepts. YOU complete the first task while the student observes. Then complete the task together. Then allow your child to attempt the task independently.	
Consider using visuals such as highlighting key words	
Ensure when teaching concepts that you are visible to your child and you are able to use visual and physical prompts to facilitate learning where needed	
Consider the use of photos to fuel interest or to give better understanding of words/concepts	
Use motivating and high interest topics to engage your child in topics e.g. Minecraft pictures	
Always use feedback when your child is completing work	
Use concrete materials e.g. blocks/Lego for counting	
Brain break activities (teacher can provide stay at home resources for this eg fine motor or gross motor activities)	
Use games where you can to motivate learning	
Use technology for writing (where task is not to demonstrate writing as skill). iPad or iPhone/Android for talk to text to create texts.	
Give your child jobs to do as a break from activity. E.g. make lunch/pour glass of water etc.	
Allow your child work independently on tasks	
Give your child breaks when needed	
Give your student multiple opportunities to practice new concepts/skills. Give activities on a new concept as warm up task for future lessons	
Peruse activities and, if required, reduce work expectations e.g. the number of questions/amount to read/write about and offer to scribe (for tasks that are not to demonstrate writing skills)	
Simplify presentation of materials if required/possible. E.g. summarise book, read content, provide picture cues	